

The Community Care Navigator Program At Lawrence Memorial Hospital

Presented By:

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Learning Objectives:

- 1. Describe the vision and goals of a Community Care Navigator program.
- 2. Identify the most vulnerable and high risk patients to assist post discharge.
- 3. Analyze and interpret the patient responses and outcomes data.
- 4. Develop and implement a Community Care Navigator Program at your hospital.

Background:

- One in five hospitalizations (18-20%) is complicated by post-discharge adverse events, some which may lead to preventable emergency department visits or readmissions.
- The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services is targeting readmissions within 30 days and plan to hold hospitals accountable for the patient's post discharge follow-up care.

Health Reform: Section 3025

Reducing Hospital Readmissions

- Starting October 1, 2011, CMS will track hospitals potential overpayment or reimbursement risk based on excess 30-day readmission rate for **heart attack, heart failure and pneumonia**
- **Data period for FY 2013 penalties is July 2008 -June 2011**
(Data will not be posted on hospital compare until Aug. 2012)
- **Not limited to preventable, avoidable readmissions**
- Applies even if readmitted to another hospital
- Hospital **EXPECTED** readmission rates for certain conditions have yet to be determined based on “probability of readmission”

Penalty for Excess Hospital Readmissions

- Poor performing hospitals will have all Medicare payments reduced by an amount equal to value of payments for excess readmission.
- **Penalty Calculation=**
(Base Operating DRG Revenue) x (Adjustment Factor)

Adjustment Factor is the greater of:

- **Ratio:** (Actual Readmit Rate / Expected Readmit Rate)
- **A Floor Adjustment Factor:**
 - **FY2013:** up to 1%
 - **FY2014:** up to 2%
 - **FY2015:** up to 3%

Calculation of Actual Readmissions

Mathematically, the numerator equation can be expressed as:

Numerator: Adjusted Actual Readmissions

Step 1:

Calculate each patient's predicted probability of readmission = $\frac{1}{1 + e^{-Z_a}}$

$Z_a = \text{hospital-specific effect} + X\beta$

intercept + risk-adjustment coefficients



Step 2:

To get the numerator result, add all patients' predicted probabilities of readmission

Calculation of Expected Readmissions

This can be expressed mathematically as:

Denominator: Expected Readmissions

Step 1:

Calculate each patient's expected probability of readmission = $\frac{1}{1 + e^{-z_e}}$

$$z_e = X\beta$$



intercept + risk-adjustment coefficients

Step 2:

To get the denominator result, add all patients' expected probabilities of readmission

Community Care Navigator Program Started March 2010

- Organizations that make discharge phone calls reduce non-reimbursable readmissions between 20-30%.
- Research shows that patient/family likelihood to recommend a hospital is above the 90th percentile when they receive a discharge call.
- Primary Physician follow-up visit compliance increases with discharge call.

Community Care Navigator

Vision:

- To achieve a continuum of care and optimal health for vulnerable populations by linking hospital care, primary care, specialty care, and community resources in a coordinated effort.

Purpose of Follow-Up:

- Discharge calls produce better clinical outcomes and are the right thing to do for patients and families.
- It's a great way to verify that patients understand post-care instructions, which reduces preventable readmissions.
- Most importantly, lives are enhanced and saved.

Goals of Program:

- To extend health and wellness services beyond the hospital walls to vulnerable patients.
- To improve the continuum of care for underserved and uninsured patients suffering from complex medical and social conditions.
- To improve transitional care and home-based care to produce quality health outcomes.
- To achieve the Institute of Medicine's goals of safe, timely, effective, equitable, efficient, and patient-centered care.
- To promote health equity by increasing access to care despite financial resources.
- To decrease inappropriate utilization of hospital and Medicare/Medicaid resources.

Process:

- Social Workers and RN Case Managers identify high-risk patients while in Emergency Department and/or hospital, and assess needs.
- Immediate needs are addressed and appropriate resource referrals are made by Social Worker or Case Manager before discharge.
- High-risk patients, Medicaid, and uninsured are referred to Community Care Navigator.

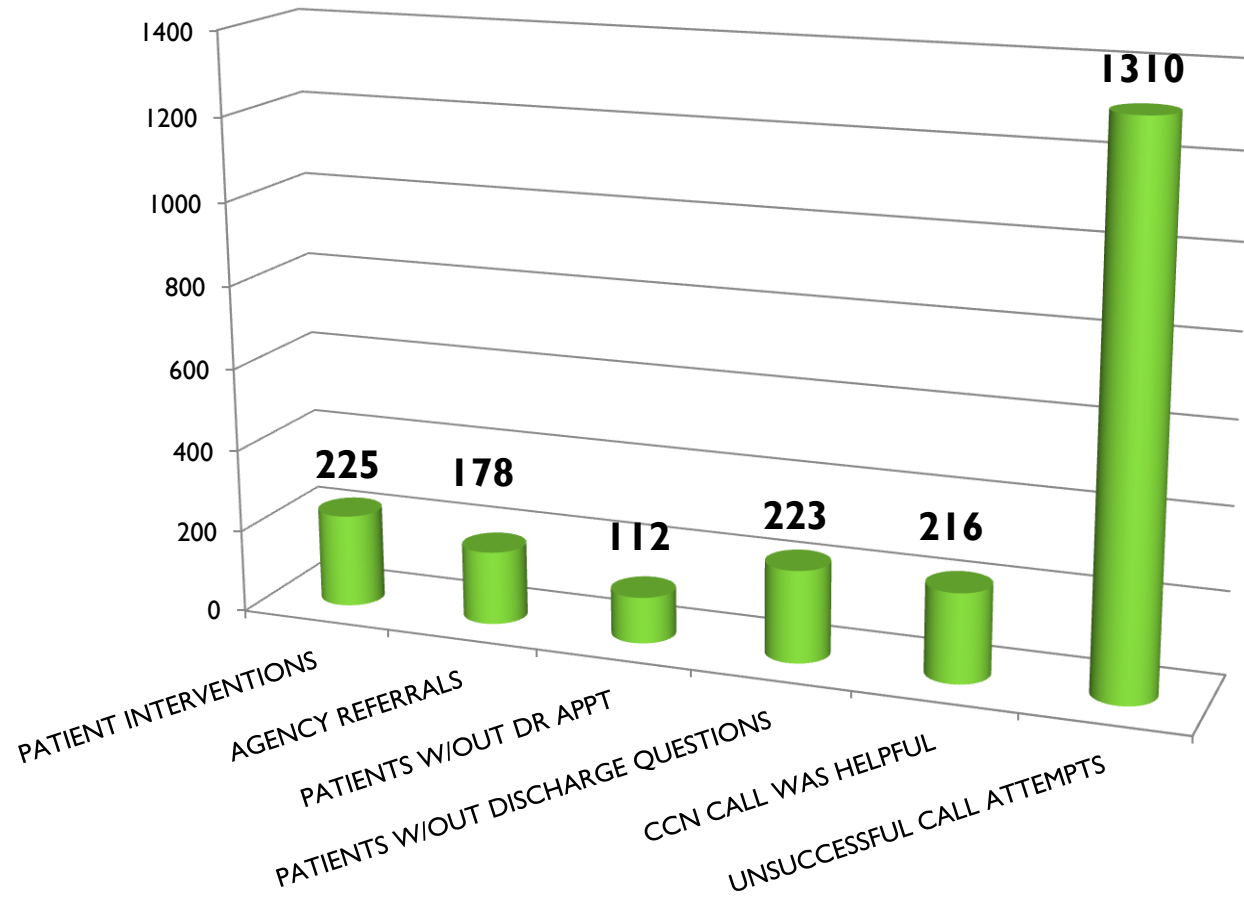
Process Cont.

- Navigator meets patient while hospitalized and then contacts patient at home within 72 hours after discharge and further assesses any additional needs.
- Navigator identifies appropriate community resources and refers patient according to their choice and with their consent.
- Navigator follows-up with patient and community agencies to assess any additional needs or issues after services are in place.

Questions asked on calls

- Do you have questions about your Discharge Instructions?
- Do you have your f/u appointment? PCP?
- Do you have transportation to appt.?
- Do you have new medications and questions about how to take them?
- Are there needs that are preventing your wellness?

Summary of Calls: March-Dec. 2010

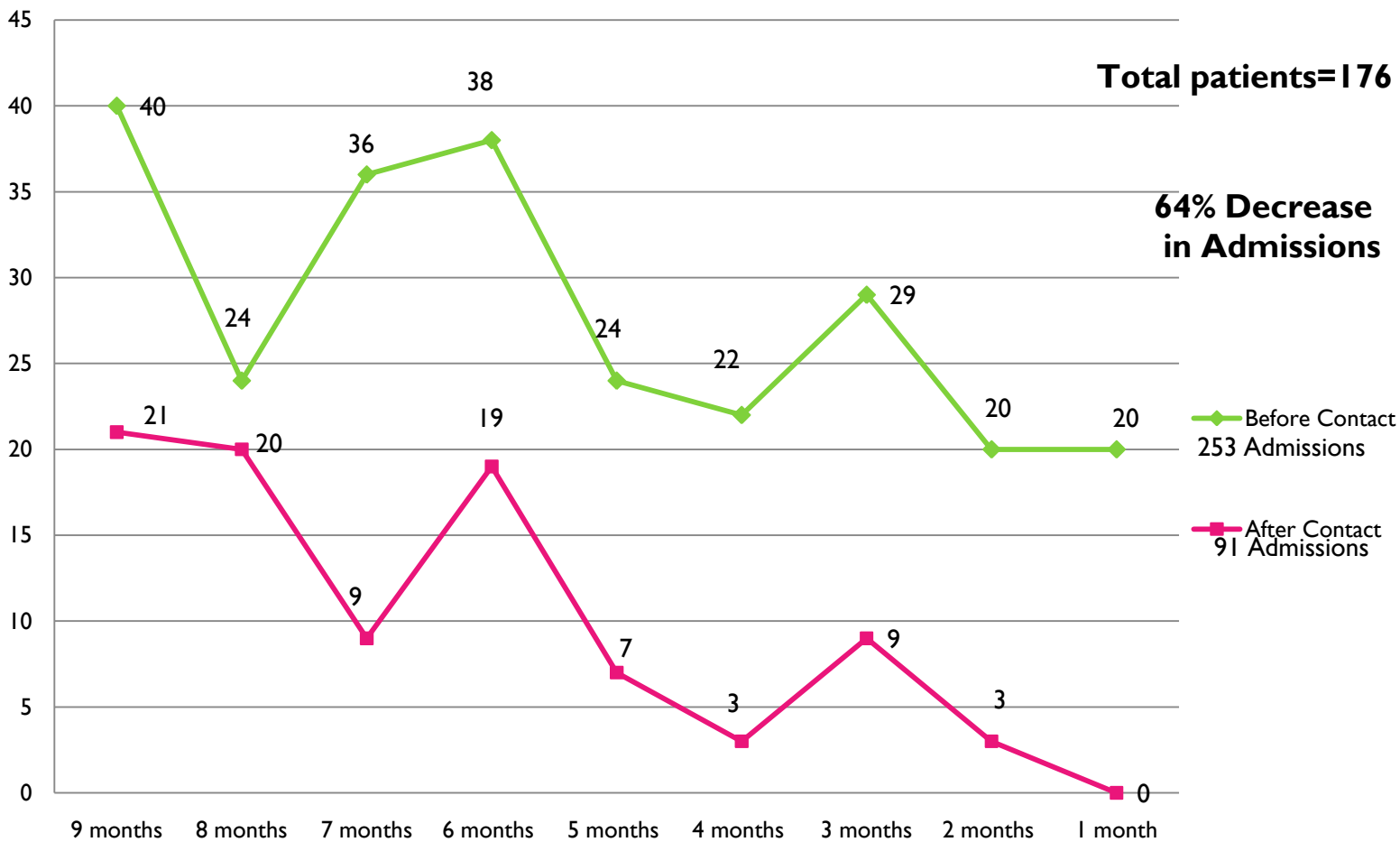


Agencies Referred To:

- HealthCare Access & Heartland Clinic
- Transportation
- Connect Care for Primary Care Physician
- Meals on Wheels
- Independence, Inc.
- In-Home Care
- Midland Group for Medicaid
- Project Lively Senior Services
- Social Security Administration
- Home Health
- Friendly Visitors Program
- Housing Authority
- Dental Clinic

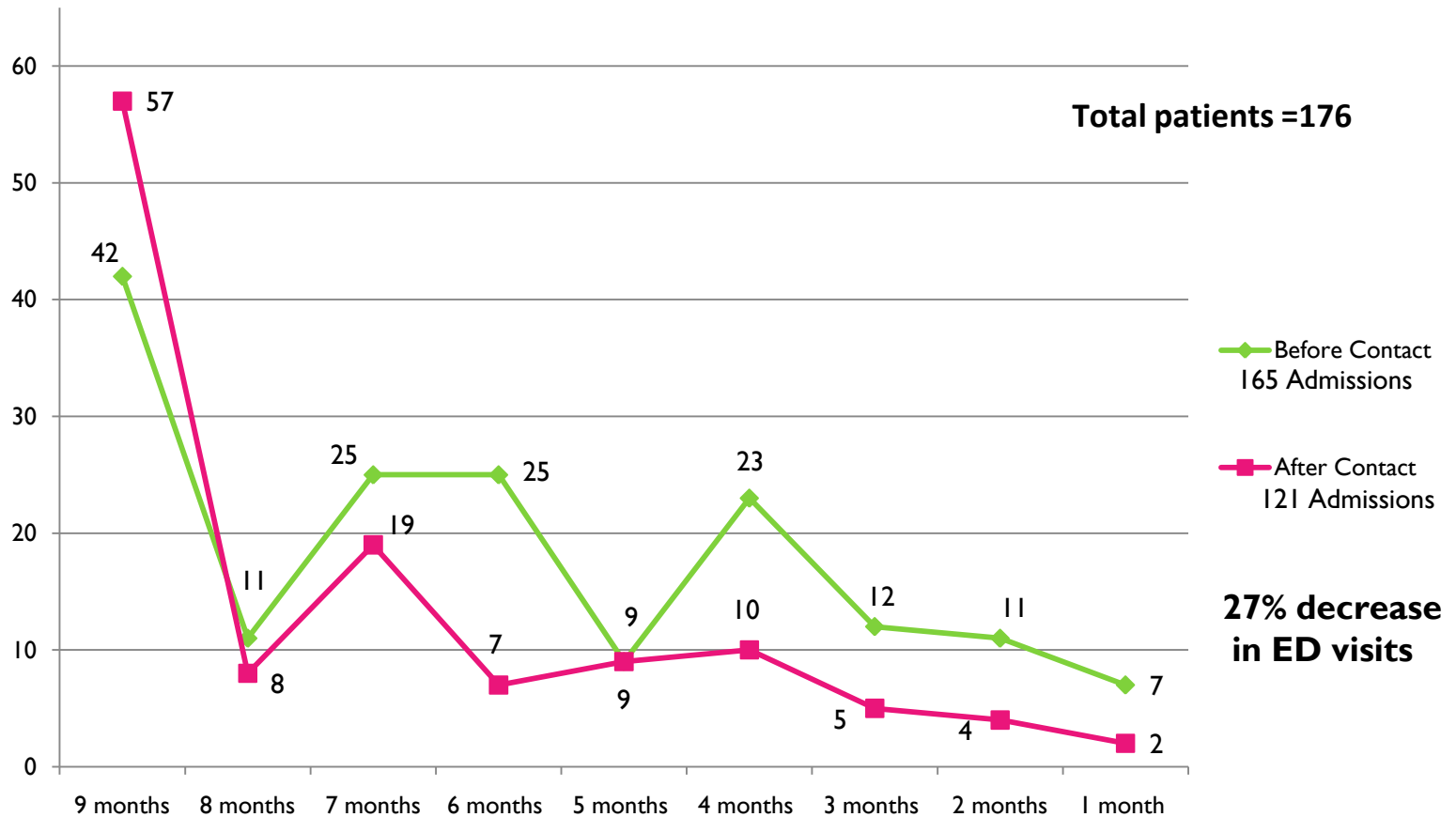
Admissions for Inpatient or Observation Before and After Care Navigator Contact

March 2010 - December 2010



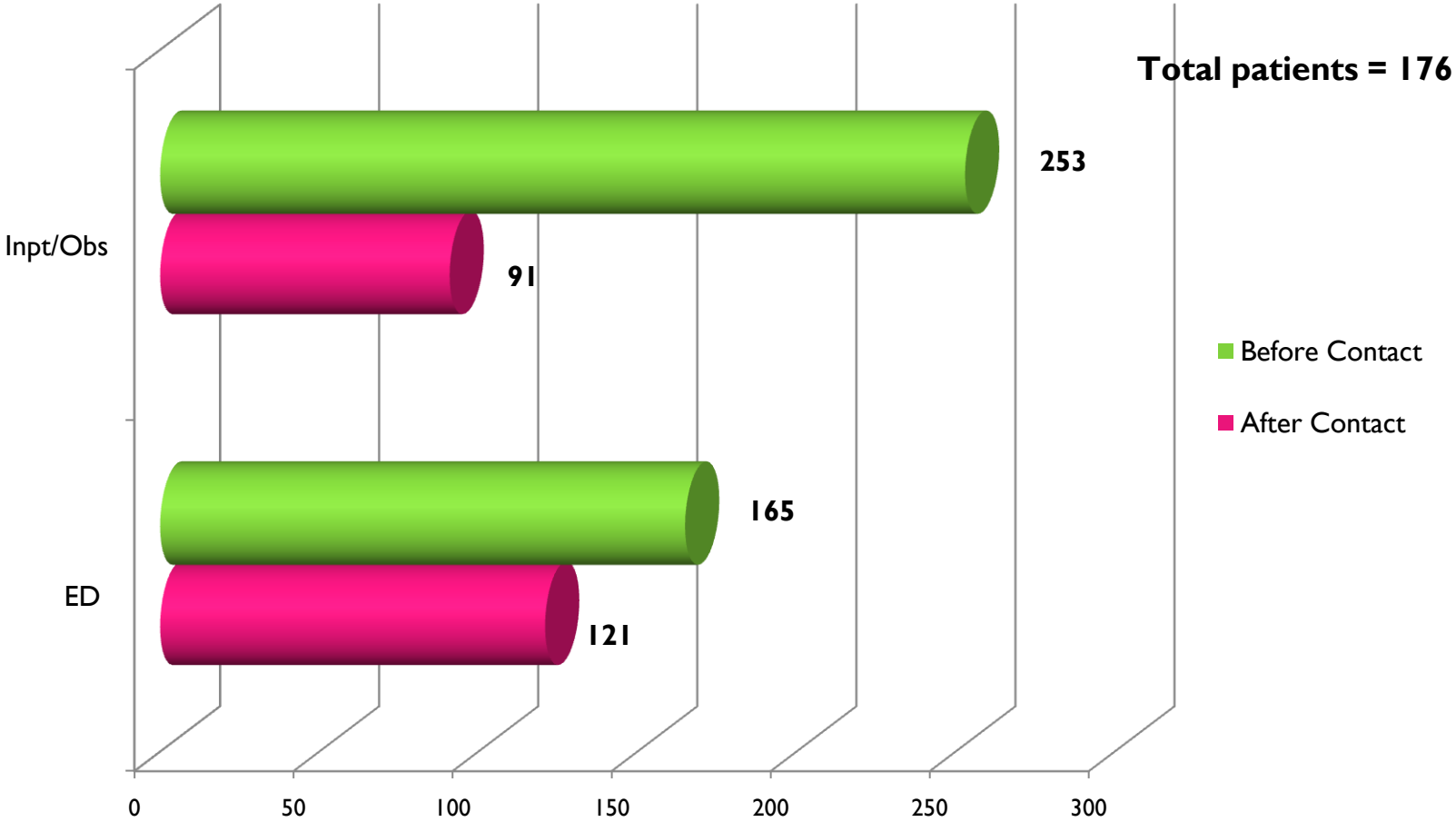
Emergency Visits Before and After Care Navigator Contact

March 2010 - December 2010



ED Visits and Admissions Before and After Care Navigator Contact

March 2010 - December 2010



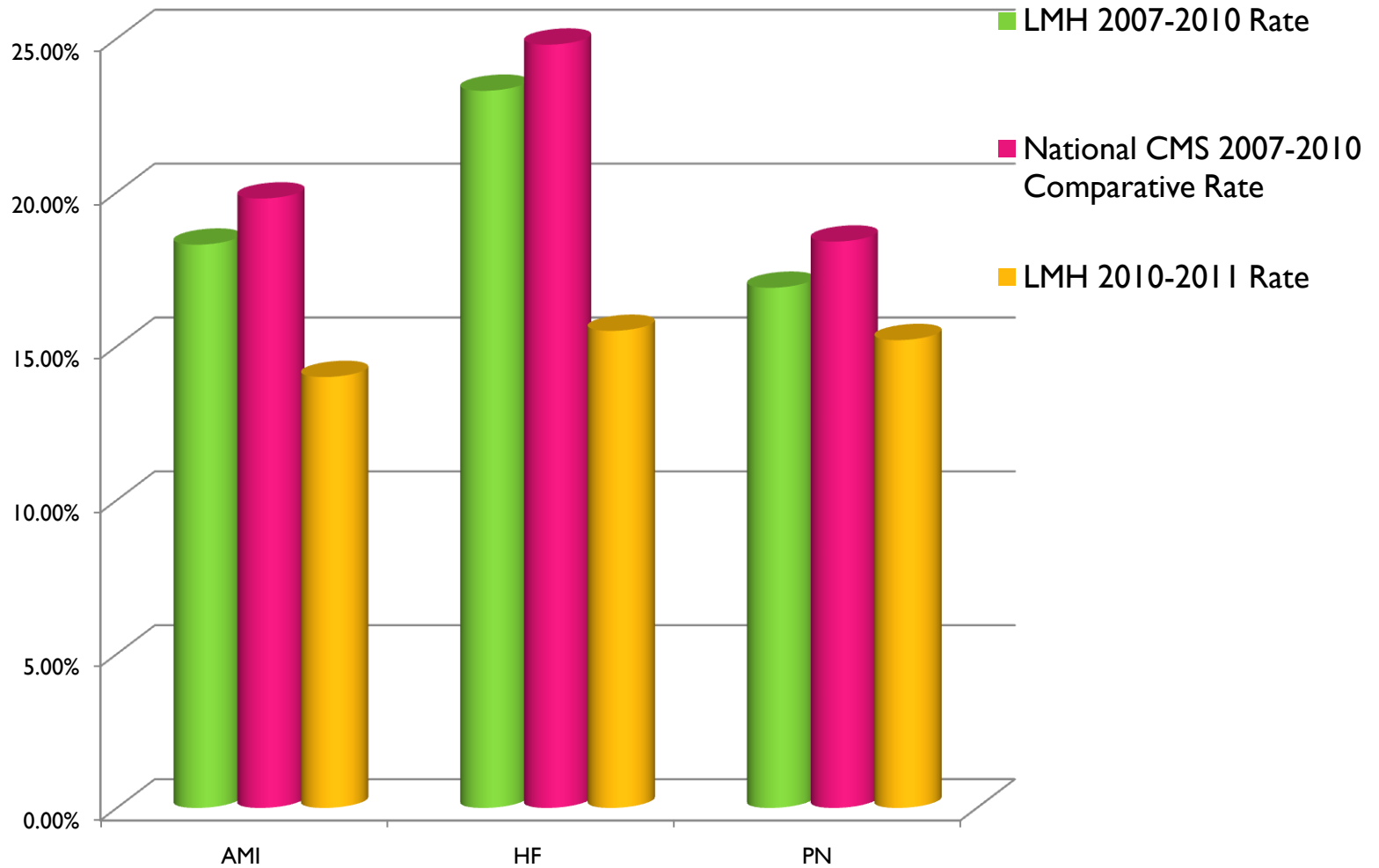
Readmissions

- Only 10 patients out of 176 patients contacted between March-Dec. 2010 had readmissions within 30 days
- That's only a 6% readmission rate within 30 days for our most vulnerable patients
- **It's working!**

Discharge Follow-Up Calls for HF & PN

- 41 Inpatient Medicare with above conditions from May 2010 – Dec 2010:
 - 20 post discharge calls for d/c to home
 - 16 excluded d/t Nursing Home after d/c
 - 2 readmitted within 2 days before call made
 - 2 no phone
 - 1 expired
- Main need identified on calls was smoking cessation and exercise program coaching

Medicare 30 day Readmits for Acute Myocardial Infarction, Heart Failure & Pneumonia



What we Learned:

- Send letters/brochures to higher risk patients that we're unable to make contact with
- Collaboration with Homeless Programs
- Expand F/U calls to Medicare patients
 - Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease
 - AMI
- Assess readmits within 30 days on readmission
- Need to improve collaboration with nursing homes for discharge plan of care
- Need to expand to a full time RN in 2011

Assessments of Readmissions

Started January 2011

- Social Work completed an Assessment with all patients readmitted within 30 days.
- Majority of patients had new medications on their previous discharge and weren't really taking them correctly.
- Found that the majority of patients readmitted without seeing their Primary Care Physician.

New Initiatives

- Hired RN as Navigator in June 2011 to expand Disease Management Coaching
- Contacting HF, PN, AMI pts. weekly after d/c
- Schedule f/u appt with PCP before d/c
- Schedule highest-risk patient appts. within 3 days after discharge
- Transitions of Care Forum quarterly with Community Agencies
- Cardiology Consults, Heart Failure Clinic and Pulmonary Rehab

Opportunity for Medical Homes

- Care Coordination and Care Management in the Medical Home is the quickest way to make a cost and quality impact.
- Care Coordinator deals with the external care of a patient and helps them navigate thru transitions of care.
- Care Management assists with coaching the patient on their chronic diseases so they can self manage their care.

Tools for Implementation

- Proposal and ROI
- Job Description
- Automated Worklists
 - Chronic DRGs, Payers, Readmits, Referrals
- Focus Study Templates for Calls
- Data Capture
- Transitions of Care Programs
 - Project RED, BOOST, Eric Coleman, IHI, Vulnerable Patient Network

Questions?



Thank You!!

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